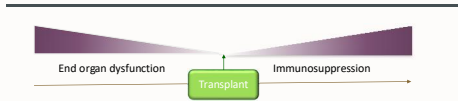


- ### 9 General Principles of Immunization in SOT Recipients
- Vaccine-preventable diseases cause major morbidity and mortality in SOT recipients
 - Immunosuppressants suppress T-cell and B-cell immunity
 - Vaccinations less effective
 - Cannot administer live vaccines
 - Timing of immunizations is important
 - ? effect of vaccination on allo-immunity leading to rejection risk
- May 4, 2018
Clin Ther 2017;39:1581-98

10 When to vaccinate?



- Altered immune response along the continuum
- In general, pre-transplant has best immune responses
 - Healthy > end stage renal disease > post-transplant
 - Pre-transplant antibodies (Ab) predicts post-transplant Ab
- Degree & duration of immunity reduced in SOT

May 4, 2018
http://www.bccdc.ca/health-professionals/clinical-resources/communicable-disease-control-manual/immunization/immunization-of-special-populations

11 Timing around Immunosuppression is Critical!

- Inactivated: Avoid within 2 weeks
 - Live: Avoid within 6 weeks (BC Transplant)
- After immunosuppression:
- Wait at least 3 months after immunosuppression
 - Wait at least 6 months after rituximab/ATG

May 4, 2018
BC Transplant; BCCDC

12 Immunosuppression Pre-transplant

- Corticosteroids at doses > 20mg prednisone/day for > 2 wks (wait as least 1 mo)
- Azathioprine > 3mg/kg/day
- 6-mercaptopurine > 1.5mg/kg/day
- Methotrexate >0.4mg/kg/wk
- TNF- α
- Rituximab (wait 6 mos)
- Antirejection meds
- Active chemotherapy (wait 6 mos)

May 4, 2018
BCCDC Immunosuppressive Therapy

13 Live vs Inactive Vaccines

| Live | Inactive |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mumps Measles Rubella (MMR) Varicella Zoster vaccine (VZV) Live attenuated influenza vaccine (LAIV) Yellow fever Bacille Calmette-Guerin (BCG) Smallpox Oral polio Oral typhoid | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tetanus diphtheria/acellular pertussis (Td/Tdap) Hepatitis A vaccine (HAV) Hepatitis B vaccine (HBV) Influenza A/B/H1N1 (TIV) Meningococcal vaccine (MCV) Pneumococcal vaccines Rabies vaccine Inactivated polio vaccine (IPV) Typhoid polysaccharide vaccine |

May 4, 2018

14 Safety of vaccines

| Vaccine | Pre-Transplant? | Post-Transplant? |
|--------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Dukoral | ✓ | ✓ |
| HAV | ✓ | ✓ |
| HBV | ✓ | ✓ |
| HPV | ✓ | ✓ |
| MMR | ✓ | ✗ |
| Pneumococcal | ✓ | ✓ |
| Rabies | ✓ | ✓ |
| Tdap | ✓ | ✓ |
| Typhoid IM | ✓ | ✓ |
| VZV | ✓ | ✗ |
| Yellow Fever | ✓ | ✗ |

May 4, 2018

Can we screen pre-transplant?

15 May 4, 2018

16 Serology Pre-transplant Work-up

- Hepatitis A
- Hepatitis B
- Measles, Mumps, Rubella (MMR)
- Varicella

May 4, 2018

17 Serology Results

Hepatitis B Virus
 Hepatitis B Virus Surface Ab IgG 1701/UL
1701/UL was performed at Bunnaby Reference Laboratory - 3685 Gilmore Way, Burnaby, BC V5C 2G6
 Interpretation: HBsAb levels of at least 100 IU/L are protective, generally with 1000 IU/L or more. Patients who have previously had a protective HBsAb level.
 Date: 09/Mar/2017 16:01

Hepatitis B Virus Surface Ab Non-Reactive
Non-Reactive for evidence of active Hepatitis B Infection.
 Date: 09/Mar/2017 16:01

Measles Virus Ab IgG 711 mIU/mL
711 mIU/mL
 Interpretation: Immune to Measles from vaccination or past infection.
 Date: 18/Aug/2016 12:54

Mumps Virus Ab IgG 324 U/ml
324 U/ml
 Interpretation: Immune to Mumps from vaccination or past infection.
 Date: 18/Aug/2016 12:54

Rubella Virus Ab IgG 41.1 IU/mL
41.1 IU/mL
 Interpretation: Immune to Rubella from vaccination or past infection.
 Date: 17/Aug/2016 11:39

Varicella Zoster Virus Ab IgG 204 mIU/mL
204 mIU/mL
 Interpretation: Immune to VZV.
 Date: 18/Aug/2016 13:32

May 4, 2018


18 Request for Vaccination

Please fax a copy of the completed immunization record to:
 St. Paul's Hospital Kidney Pre-Transplant office: Fax 604 806 8902

| Vaccinations Required | Date Administered or notes |
|--|----------------------------|
| Please administer vaccines checked off, if not already completed | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Td / Tdap | _____ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Polio | _____ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hepatitis B | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Meningococcal Quadrivalent Conjugate | _____ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pneumococcal | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Haemophilus Influenza B | _____ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Influenza | _____ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *MMR (Live vaccine - do not give if immune suppressed, please verify medications with patient prior to administration) | _____ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *Varicella (Live vaccine - do not give if immune suppressed, please verify medications with patient prior to administration) | _____ |


May 4, 2018

Measles Mumps
Rubella (MMR)



19 May 4, 2018


20 Case 1



- ID: 37 yo male (born in England 1978)
- Referral:
 - Planning a trip to Disneyland in Mar 2015
 - Measles outbreak linked to theme park in Feb 2015
- PMH:
 - Renal transplant Oct 2013
 - ESRD secondary to IgA nephropathy
- Serology: Measles Ab IgG 167 mIU/mL (equivocal)

May 4, 2018

21 Case 2



- ID: 38 yo male
- Referral:
 - Went to GP's office for a check-up
 - Notified by Public Health a couple of days later to get measles vaccination due to an index case found at the same time of his visit
- PMH:
 - Renal transplant Feb 2009
 - ESRD secondary to lupus nephritis
- No serology on file

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22 Measles

- High morbidity and mortality
 - Pneumonia, encephalitis, Subacute sclerosing panencephalitis
- Measles immunity
 - Born before 1970, OR
 - Lab confirmed infection or immunity (titer \geq 150 mIU/mL), OR
 - Documentation of 2 vaccines if 2-17 yo OR
 - Documentation of 1 vaccine if \geq 18 yo and born after 1970

National Advisory Committee on Immunization, <https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/immunization/national-advisory-committee-on-immunization.html> May 4, 2018

23 MMR

- Live attenuated vaccine (LAV)
- NACI recommends 2 doses @
 - 12-15 mos of age
 - 18 mos to 4-6 yrs of age
- Prior to mid-1990's, only 1 dose was given
 - Patient may need 2nd dose
- If high risk, need 2 doses or lab-confirmed immunity
 - At least 4 weeks apart

<https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/publications/healthy-living/canadian-immunization-guide-part-4-active-vaccines/page-13-measles-vaccine.html#p4c13> May 4, 2018

24 MMR - Pre-transplant

- Confirm serology for MMR
- Vaccinate if receiving minimal immunosuppression
- Vaccinate at least 4 wks prior to transplant
- Seronegative adults should receive 1 dose of MMR with serologic testing post-vaccination
- If seroconversion does not occur, the dose can be repeated once if time permits

<https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/publications/healthy-living/canadian-immunization-guide-part-4-active-vaccines/page-13-measles-vaccine.html#p4c13> May 4, 2018



26 Varicella Zoster Vaccine

- LAV with Oka strain
- NACI recommends 2 doses 6 weeks apart if seronegative and \geq 13 yo
- Pre-transplant
 - Confirm serology for Varicella Zoster Virus (VZV) IgG
 - Vaccinate if receiving minimal immunosuppression
 - Vaccinate at least 4 wks prior to transplant
 - Seronegative adults should receive 1 dose with serologic testing post-vaccination
 - If seroconversion does not occur, the dose can be repeated once if time permits

May 4, 2018
<https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/publications/healthy-living/canadian-immunization-guide-part-4/pdf/040616vol04-eng.pdf>

27 Case 3

- ID: 77 yo retired pharmacist
- CC: progressive ataxia & confusion with a vesicular rash around his left eye and a non-reactive pupil
- PMH:
 - Kidney transplant 10 mos ago
 - T2DM
 - HTN
 - TIA
- Lumbar puncture: +ve CSF for varicella zoster virus (VZV)
- DX: VZV encephalitis

May 4, 2018

28 Case 3 (cont'd)

- Serology work-up pre-transplant: VZV IgG +ve
- Had chickenpox as a child
- Never received herpes zoster vaccine pre-transplant

May 4, 2018

29 Herpes Zoster (HZ)

- Caused by reactivation of VZV
- Occurs in up to 20% of transplant recipients
- HZ vaccine is recommended for VZV IgG +ve transplant candidates ≥ 50 yo but not funded in some provinces
- Immunogenicity of vaccination pre-transplant in preventing post-transplant HZ disease is unknown
- Wait at least 1 year from a prior episode of shingles before being vaccinated

May 4, 2018
Curr Infect Dis 2014;27:329-35

30 Herpes Zoster Vaccines

- | Zostavax® | Shingrix® |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ LAV -14x PFU of Oka strain ▪ Single dose ▪ Recommended for SOT candidates; not funded ▪ Vaccinate at least 4 wks pre-transplant ▪ Contraindicated in SOT recipients ▪ Cost ~\$175 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Inactivated – glycoprotein E, a surface protein on the virus + 2 adjuvants ▪ 2 doses at months 0 and 2-6 ▪ Preliminary data in kidney transplant recipients: immunogenic and similar rejection rates ▪ \$250 for 2 doses |

CST information on new inactivated shingles vaccine Jan 2018 | IDWeek Abstract 2017
May 4, 2018

31 Hepatitis A Vaccine

- Recommended in seronegative individuals
 - liver transplant candidates
 - high risk of exposure (e.g. travel, occupational or lifestyle risk)
- Inactivated
- Seroconversion rate post-transplant ~25%


May 4, 2018
Clin Ther 2017;39:1581-98

32 Hepatitis B Vaccine

- Routine vaccine schedule recommended based on serology and as early in the course of disease as possible
- If seronegative (anti-HBs titer < 10)
 - 3 dose series: 0, 1, 6 mos
 - Accelerated: 0, 1, 2, 12 mos
 - Rpt 2nd series if anti-HBs < 10, then booster

May 4, 2018

Pneumococcus



33 May 4, 2018

34 Pneumococcal Vaccines

- Pneumococcal disease has 13x greater relative risk in SOT than general population
- 2 vaccines:
 - Conjugate (PCV-13)
 - Diphtheria protein added to stimulate T-cells and memory B cells
 - Serotype 6A not found in PPSV-23
 - Polysaccharide (PPSV-23)
 - Stimulates B cells to produce Ab
 - Booster dose at 5 yrs

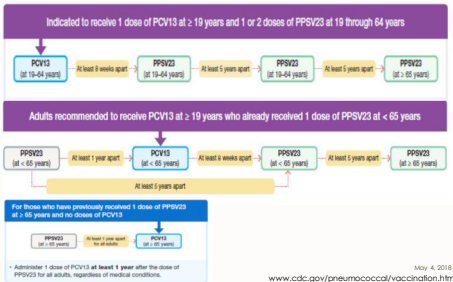
May 4, 2018
Curr Infect Dis 2014;27:329-35

35 Pneumococcal Vaccines


- Prime-boost strategy in immunocompromised:
 - PCV followed by PPSV after 8 wks
 - Data limited in SOT: boosting not found to occur in SOT
- PCV-13 only covered in HSCT and HIV patients in BC
- Sequence/timing is important:
 - PCV-13 followed by PPSV-23 at 8 wks
 - PPSV-23 followed by PCV-13 at 1 yr
 - Reflects hyporesponsiveness of PPS antigens

May 4, 2018
Curr Infect Dis 2014;27:329-35

36 Timing



37 Influenza



- Influenza vaccination is found to be efficacious and safe in renal transplant recipients
 - Seroprotection rate 79-93% (less in other studies)
 - No benefit to booster dose
 - No increased rejection
- 2 vaccines:
 - Inactivated Influenza vaccine (IIV)**
 - More common
 - Usually trivalent +/- adjuvants
 - Recommended in both SOT candidates & recipients
 - Live attenuated Influenza vaccine (LAIV)**
 - Administered intranasally
 - Contraindicated** in SOT recipients
 - Free for children 2-17 yo only in BC

May 4, 2018
Am J Transplant 2008;8:1392-7

38 Human Papillomavirus (HPV)

- Causes significant morbidity and mortality in SOT
 - Increased risk of anogenital cancers, skin cancer, warts
- Eligible and funded:
 - Women born ≥ 1994
 - High risk individuals 9-26 yo (HIV +ve, transgender, MSM, no fixed address)
 - High risk males 9-18 yo (care of Ministry, custody)
- Eligible and not free:
 - Women ≤ 45 yo, males 9-26 yo, MSM ≥ 27 yo
- Cervarix® (HPV2) and Gardasil®9 (HPV9)
 - Inactivated: 2 doses @ 6 mos apart

May 4, 2018
BCCDC

39 Recommendations for SOT Candidates

| Vaccine | For Whom? | Dose | Comments |
|-----------|---|---|---|
| HAV | Seronegative for anti-HAV | 2 doses at 0 & 6 mos | Liver transplant; high risk individuals |
| HBV | Seronegative for anti-HBV | 3 doses at 0, 1, 6 mos | 40mcg/dose for dialysis pts; booster PRN anti-HBs <10 |
| HPV | High risk individuals, 9-26 yo Women born ≥ 1994 | 2 doses | |
| Influenza | All | 1 dose | Give pre-influenza season |
| MMR | seronegative | 1-2 doses | > 4 wks from anticipated transplant & not on IMS |
| PCV-13 | All | 1 lifetime dose | Follow PPSV-23 by 1 yr |
| PPV-23 | All | 2 doses 5 yrs apart | Follow PCV-13 by 8 wks |
| Tdap | ✓ | 1 dose | Particular healthcare workers |
| Varicella | Seronegative for VZV | 1-2 doses (check serology after 1 st dose) | > 4 wks from anticipated transplant & not on IMS |
| VZV | ≥ 50 yo | | |

May 4, 2018
Clin Ther 2017;39:1581-98

40 Summary

- Updating vaccine status is a critical part of pre- & post-transplant care
- Timing of immunizations if critical
 - Healthy > end stage renal disease > post-transplant
 - Avoid inactivated vaccine 2 wks pre-transplant
 - Avoid live vaccine at least 4 wks pre-transplant
 - Avoid vaccination 3-6 mos post-transplant
- Check serology and keep vaccinations up-to-date



May 4, 2018
